

2023 年度 三田学園高等学校入学試験問題

英 語

<注意> 解答はすべて解答用紙に書き入れなさい。

受験番号	
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1. 放送される英文と、それに続く質問を聞き、答えとして最も適切なものを選び、記号で答えなさい。

- No. 1 あ Math.
 い English.
 う Math and English.
- No. 2 あ In 1998.
 い In 2001.
 う In 2014.
- No. 3 あ John lost his bike.
 い John got up late.
 う John was late for school.
- No. 4 あ Go back to work.
 い Stay at home and rest.
 う Go to the hospital.

2. 次の英文を読み、設問に答えなさい。

Toby was a *merchant. He traveled the country for buying and selling goods. He had two *donkeys. He rode one and the other carried his goods. He was always honest and never *cheated anyone, but like all merchants, he was always pleased to find a bargain.

One day someone told him about an *inn. He was told that he could buy donkeys cheaply in the inn. “I want another donkey,” he thought. “I will spend a night at that inn. Perhaps I could get a cheap donkey.”

The *innkeeper was a woman. She cooked a fine meal for Toby and some other merchants and gave them a lot of wine. Toby did not like wine and he did not drink any.

When bedtime came, the other merchants went sleepily to their rooms and soon were fast asleep. ①【hot / Toby / was / so / sleep / it / couldn't / that】. He was on the bed and was thinking about the innkeeper. “How can one woman look after this large inn?” he thought.

Then he heard a little noise in the next room. He was able to look a little hole in the wall. The innkeeper was opening a small box in her bedroom. She took out a small wooden figure of a man. It was about twelve centimeters tall. She put ②it on the floor. Then she took out a little *plow and a donkey. Both were also made wood.

She tied the donkey to the plow and put the man behind it. Then she clapped her hands together. ③The floor of the room changed into *earth and the room into a field. The little figures became alive at once and started to plow up the field. In ten minutes or so, the whole field was plowed. Then the innkeeper gave the man a little basket of corn. He *sowed the corn in the field. Little green plants quickly pushed through the earth. Soon the room became a field of corn.

The innkeeper gathered the corn and made it into flour. She made some cakes the flour. Then she put the little figures back into the box and went to bed.

The next morning the merchants were given the corn cakes for their breakfast. Toby did not eat the cake. He put it in his pocket and quickly left the room and looked the window. While he was watching the merchants, they began to turn into donkeys! They grew big tails and long ears and their clothes became thick hair. Soon the room was full of donkeys!

“④【is / to / see / has / it / happened / easy / what】,” said Toby. “That woman can use magic. So she sells donkeys cheaply at this inn!”

⑤ He paid his bill, took his two donkeys, and left the inn as quickly as he could.

A few weeks later he returned to the inn and spent the night there. ⑥ He brought with him some corn cakes like the ones made by the innkeeper. He put the magic corn cake with them. When the innkeeper gave him corn cakes for breakfast, he put his cakes on the table.

“Try one of my cakes,” he said to the innkeeper and gave her the magic cake that she made. She did not know that it was her cake and ate it. Soon she turned into a fine, strong donkey.

“Good!” said Toby. “Now I have a fine new donkey!” He put his goods on the donkey’s back and off they went.

(American Start with English より改変)

[注] merchant 商人 donkey ロバ cheat ～をだます inn 宿屋 innkeeper 宿主
plow 耕作用のスキ、スキで耕す earth 土 sow ～をまく

問 1. 下線部①が意味の通る英文になるように【 】内の語を並べかえなさい。なお、文頭にくるべき語も小文字で表記している。

問 2. 文脈上、A～Cに適する語を次から１つずつ選び、番号で答えなさい。同じものを２度以上用いてはならない。

1. of 2. for 3. with 4. through 5. on

問 3. 下線部②が表すものを次から１つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

1. a small box 2. the innkeeper’s bed 3. a wooden figure 4. a donkey

問 4. 下線部③を日本語に訳しなさい。

問 5. 下線部④が意味の通る英文になるように【 】内の語を並べかえなさい。なお、文頭にくるべき語も小文字で表記している。

問 6. 下線部⑤、⑥を日本語に訳しなさい。ただし、“corn cakes”は「コーンケーキ」と表記すること。

問 7. 本文の内容と一致するものを次から３つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

1. One of Toby’s donkeys was very old, so he wanted to buy a new one.
2. Toby was woken up by a noise from the next door.
3. At first Toby was wondering why the innkeeper could manage the inn alone.
4. The innkeeper’s bedroom became a field of corn.
5. The innkeeper used the corn to make some soup for breakfast.
6. Toby bought two donkeys and left the inn soon.
7. The innkeeper did not want to eat Toby’s cake because she knew it was magic.
8. The innkeeper became Toby’s new donkey.

3. 次の英文は、2020 年発表のレポートをもとにした健太のプレゼンテーションの内容と、その後の質疑応答である。以下を読み、設問に答えなさい。

Hello. I would like to talk about some data about domestic and international flights.

First, Table A shows the top 10 busiest domestic routes in the world. “Busiest” means that the number of seats on the route for sale in 2019 was the largest. Which route do you think was first? Tadashi said it was Tokyo (Haneda) – Osaka (Itami), John said it was Melbourne – Sydney, and I thought it was New York (JFK) – Los Angeles. But none of us was right. The route Seoul (Gimpo) – Jeju was the busiest. As you know, Seoul is the capital of South Korea. ①【Jeju / know / is / you / where / do】? It is the largest island in the south part of South Korea. I was surprised to learn that the route Tokyo (Haneda) – Sapporo (New Chitose) was in second place, and the number of seats of the route was almost (②) million smaller than that of the first. Tokyo (Haneda) – Fukuoka was third, Tokyo (Haneda) – Okinawa was in ninth, and Tadashi’s answer came right after that. As you can see, four of the top 10 are domestic routes in Japan! ③We can say【any / busy / Japan / country / other / is / than】in the world. John’s answer, Melbourne – Sydney was in fifth, and the number of seats reached almost ten million. It is also surprising that nine of the top 10 routes are in the Asia Pacific ④region.

Table A: Top 10 Global Busiest Domestic Routes

Rank	Route	Seats
1	Seoul (Gimpo) — Jeju	17,426,873
2	Tokyo (Haneda) — Sapporo (New Chitose)	12,498,468
3	(A)	11,400,018
4	Ho Chi Minh — Hanoi	10,253,530
5	(B)	9,958,500
6	Delhi — Mumbai	8,230,822
7	Beijing (Capital) — Shanghai (Hongqiao)	8,117,461
8	Jeddah — Riyadh	8,018,205
9	(C)	7,704,098
10	(D)	7,248,300

Next, look at Table B. Nine out of the top 10 routes are in Asia Pacific, and (⑤) of them involve Hong Kong. The route New York (JFK) – London (Heathrow) is the only non-Asian route and it was (⑥) in the ranking. The shortest route of the top 10 is Kuala Lumpur – Singapore, and the distance is just around 300 kilometers.

Table B: Top 10 Global Busiest International Routes

Rank	Route	Seats
1	Hong Kong — Taipei	7,965,538
2	Kuala Lumpur — Singapore	5,560,894
3	Jakarta — Singapore	5,480,000
4	Hong Kong — Bangkok (Suvarnabhumi)	4,826,872
5	Hong Kong — Shanghai (Pudong)	4,463,658
6	Hong Kong — Seoul (Incheon)	3,942,875
7	Hong Kong — Manila	3,852,991
8	New York (JFK) — London (Heathrow)	3,833,701
9	Bangkok (Suvarnabhumi) — Singapore	3,832,494
10	Jakarta — Kuala Lumpur	3,798,559

(出典：Table A, Bともに OAG “Busiest Routes 2020”)

Anyway, do you know about the shortest international route in the world? It is Brazzaville – Kinshasa, between the capital cities of two African countries. These two airports are only 21 kilometers apart!

Thank you for listening.

【以降は質疑応答】

Tom: Thank you, Kenta. Why do they travel such a short distance between Brazzaville and Kinshasa by air?

Kenta: That's a good question. ⑦It's because there is a river that runs between the two cities. They don't have any bridges between them and traveling by boat is the most common. But some people think traveling by boat is ⑧unpleasant because the boats are always crowded. They think traveling by air is more comfortable, although it costs much more than by boat.

Tom: I see. Thank you.

問1. 空所(A)～(D)に入るべき路線を次から1つずつ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. New York (JFK) — Boston | 2. Tokyo (Haneda) — Okinawa |
| 3. Tokyo (Haneda) — Fukuoka | 4. Tokyo (Haneda) — Osaka (Itami) |
| 5. Melbourne — Sydney | 6. New York (JFK) — Los Angeles |

問2. 下線部①が意味の通る英文になるように【 】内の語を並べかえなさい。なお、文頭にくるべき語も小文字で表記している。

問3. 空所(②)(⑤)(⑥)に入るべき数、または序数 (first, second, ...) をそれぞれアルファベットで答えなさい。

問4. 下線部③が意味の通る英文になるように【 】内の語を並べかえ、並べかえた部分を答えなさい。ただし、必要に応じて語を適切な形に直しなさい。

問5. 下線部④、⑧の意味として最も適切なものを次から1つずつ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- | | | | | |
|---|----------|-------|--------|------------|
| ④ | 1. 国民 | 2. 地域 | 3. 産業 | 4. 宗教 |
| ⑧ | 1. つまらない | 2. 安価 | 3. 不快な | 4. 時間通りでない |

問6. 下線部⑦を日本語に訳しなさい。

4. 次の各文の空所に入れるのに最も適切なものを１つずつ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- (1) () my stay in Tokyo, I visited many sightseeing spots.
1. During 2. While 3. For 4. When
- (2) September is the month () comes between August and October.
1. where 2. when 3. which 4. who
- (3) You () bring your lunch tomorrow. We have ordered lunch boxes for everyone.
1. must 2. should 3. don't need 4. don't have to
- (4) John is making () chocolate cookies in the kitchen.
1. to Emi 2. by Emi 3. on Emi 4. Emi
- (5) Leave now, () you will catch the last train.
1. and 2. that 3. or 4. but
- (6) Kate read three books about animals, () she?
1. doesn't 2. didn't 3. wasn't 4. weren't
- (7) Many students enjoyed watching the movie because the story was so ().
1. interest 2. to interest 3. interesting 4. interested

5. 次の各文の下線部 あ～えの中で、誤りのあるものを１つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- (1) The あ standing man in front い of the school gate and う greeting the students え is the principal.
- (2) あ It has い just started う to rain. I wish I え have an umbrella with me now.
- (3) My sister and I あ like い cooking. We う take cooking lessons once え the week.

6. 次の会話を読み、設問に答えなさい。

Kevin: I heard George won the Seattle Tennis Tournament.

Chris: That's right!

Kevin: He's very good at playing tennis, right?

Chris: Oh, yes. ① 彼はこの市内でテニスが最も上手な選手のうちの１人なんだ。

Next Sunday, he'll participate in the Washington State Tennis Tournament.

This time it will be held in the Central Park in Seattle.

Kevin: That's great. I'd like to go and cheer for him, but I've never been there.

② _____ there?

Chris: Sure. Take the subway and get off at Central Park Station. The Central Park is next to the station.

Kevin: Thanks.

問１．下線部①の日本語を英語に訳しなさい。

問２．会話の流れを考え、下線部②に語句を補って英文を完成させなさい。

